

# LEAVE INFECTION IN THE STALL!

## PIG TRANSPORTERS

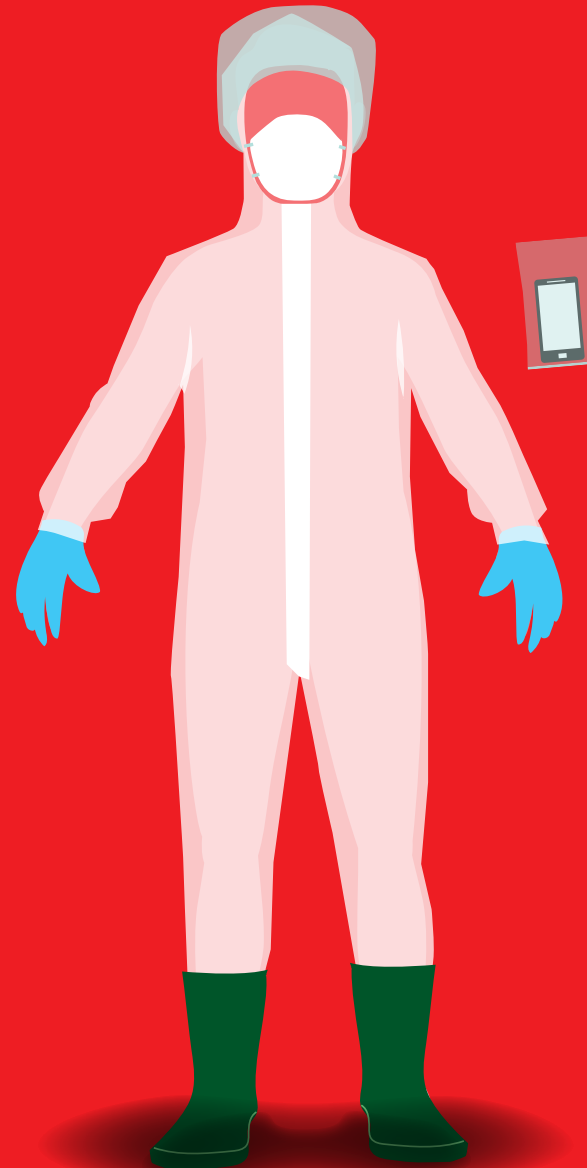
### The herd has LA-MRSA or it is suspected that it has LA-MRSA

Using protective equipment according to the illustration, will reduce the risk of your coming into contact with the bacterium from infected pigs from herds where there is LA-MRSA or suspected LA-MRSA during loading and unloading. This is the way you can leave the infection in the stall.

The LA-MRSA bacterium is found on the skin of the pig and in mucous membranes, such as in the stomach and throat. People can come into direct contact with the bacterium through the pigs but also indirectly through fittings and other surfaces. Since LA-MRSA is also present in the dust, the bacterium can also enter humans via the inhalation of air.

Under law, the animal keeper is obligated to provide information about pigs suspected of carrying LA-MRSA.

The animal keeper shall provide dual sets of protective materials such as hair coverings, respiratory protection, gloves and overalls. One set is to be used at the farm during loading and the other set at the slaughterhouse during unloading.



**Hair covering** of the disposable type

**Respiratory protection** of the disposable type

**Disposable overalls** used to cover work clothes

**Cell-phone** in a plastic bag

**Disposable gloves**

**Boot protection** should be put on before the farm's own boots are put on

**Disinfection of hands** before entering the driver's cab

Used **protection material should be thrown** in the rubbish tip at the farm or at the slaughterhouse



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